



# Stock-Flow-Consistent Modeling

## Lecture 5: open economy models

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# *A simple two-region models: Assumptions*

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(From Godley-Lavoie, 2007, ch.6)

Two regions – single central government, and single Central Bank.

Same currency, so no exchange rate

Financial assets given by HP money and government bonds (no regionally-issued assets)

Can approximate two (blocks of) countries in the Eurozone under a common fiscal policy

# The balance sheet

Table 6.1 Balance sheet of two-region economy (Model REG)

	North households	South households	Government	Central bank	$\Sigma$
Cash money	$+H_h^N$	$+H_h^S$		$-H$	0
Bills	$+B_h^N$	$+B_h^S$	$-B$	$+B_{cb}$	0
Wealth (balancing item)	$-V_h^N$	$-V_h^S$	$-V_g$	0	0
$\Sigma$	0	0	0	0	0

# Transaction matrix

Table 6.2 Transactions-flow matrix of two-region economy (Model REG)

	North households	North production	South households	South production	Government	Central bank	$\Sigma$
Consumption	$-C^N$	$+C^N$	$-C^S$	$+C^S$			0
Govt. exp.		$+G^N$		$+G^S$	$-G$		0
North Exports to South		$+X^N$		$-IM^S$			0
South Exports to North		$-IM^N$		$+X^S$			0
GDP	$+Y^N$	$-Y^N$	$+Y^S$	$-Y^S$			0
Interest payments	$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^N$		$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^S$		$-r_{-1} B_{-1}$	$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}$	0
Profits of central bank					$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}$	$-r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}$	0
Taxes	$-T^N$		$-T^S$		$+T$		0
Change in cash	$-\Delta H_h^N$		$-\Delta H_h^S$			$+\Delta H$	0
Change in bills	$-\Delta B_h^N$		$-\Delta B_h^S$		$+\Delta B$	$-\Delta B_{cb}$	0
$\Sigma$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# *Model equations*

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$$Y^N = C^N + G^N + X^N - IM^N \quad (6.1)$$

$$Y^S = C^S + G^S + X^S - IM^S \quad (6.2)$$

$$IM^N = \mu^N \cdot Y^N \quad (6.3)$$

$$IM^S = \mu^S \cdot Y^S \quad (6.4)$$

$$X^N = IM^S \quad (6.5)$$

$$X^S = IM^N \quad (6.6)$$

# Model equations #2

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$$YD^N = Y^N - T^N + r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^N \quad (6.7)$$

$$YD^S = Y^S - T^S + r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^S \quad (6.8)$$

$$T^N = \theta \cdot (Y^N + r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^N) \quad 0 < \theta < 1 \quad (6.9)$$

$$T^S = \theta \cdot (Y^S + r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^S) \quad 0 < \theta < 1 \quad (6.10)$$

$$V^N = V_{-1}^N + (YD^N - C^N) \quad (6.11)$$

$$V^S = V_{-1}^S + (YD^S - C^S) \quad (6.12)$$

$$C^N = \alpha_1^N \cdot YD^N + \alpha_2^N \cdot V_{-1}^N \quad 0 < \alpha_2 < \alpha_1 < 1 \quad (6.13)$$

$$C^S = \alpha_1^S \cdot YD^S + \alpha_2^S \cdot V_{-1}^S \quad 0 < \alpha_2 < \alpha_1 < 1 \quad (6.14)$$

# Model equations #3

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$$H_h^N = V^N - B_h^N \quad (6.15)$$

$$H_h^S = V^S - B_h^S \quad (6.16)$$

$$\frac{B_h^N}{V^N} = \lambda_0^N + \lambda_1^N \cdot r - \lambda_2^N \cdot \left( \frac{YD^N}{V^N} \right) \quad (6.17)$$

$$\frac{B_h^S}{V^S} = \lambda_0^S + \lambda_1^S \cdot r - \lambda_2^S \cdot \left( \frac{YD^S}{V^S} \right) \quad (6.18)$$

# *Model equations #4*

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$$T = T^N + T^S \quad (6.19)$$

$$G = G^N + G^S \quad (6.20)$$

$$B_h = B_h^N + B_h^S \quad (6.21)$$

$$H_h = H_h^N + H_h^S \quad (6.22)$$

$$\Delta B_s = B_s - B_{s-1} = (G + r_{-1} \cdot B_{s-1}) - (T + r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}) \quad (6.23)$$

$$\Delta H_s = H_s - H_{s-1} = \Delta B_{cb} \quad (6.24)$$

$$B_{cb} = B_s - B_h \quad (6.25)$$

$$r = \bar{r} \quad (6.26)$$



# Model equations and steady-state

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$$H_s = H_h \quad \text{Missing equation} \quad (6.27)$$

$$\Delta V^N = Y^N + r_{-1} \cdot B_{-1}^N - T^N - C^N$$

$$\Delta V^N = (G^N + r_{-1} \cdot B_{-1}^N) + X^N - T^N - IM^N$$

$$G_T^N = G^N + r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^N$$

$$\Delta V^N = (G_T^N + X^N) - (T^N + IM^N) = (G_T^N - T^N) + (X^N - IM^N)$$

# *Steady state solution*

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$$G_T^N - T^N = IM^N - X^N$$

$$G_{NT}^N = G^N + r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^N - \theta \cdot r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^N$$

$$Y^{N*} = \frac{(G_{NT}^N + X^N)}{(\theta + \mu^N)}$$

Foreign trade (Harrod) multiplier

*Super stationary* 
$$Y^{N**} = \frac{G_{NT}^N}{\theta} = \frac{X^N}{\mu^N}$$

# *Experiments*

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With Eviews model REG

# *A simple two-country model*

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## Assumptions

No capital movement

Fixed exchange rate

Current account imbalances cleared by changes in gold reserves at Central banks (approximates changes in reserves in US dollars)

# Balance sheet

Table 6.3 Balance sheet matrix of two-country economy (Model OPEN)

	North house- holds	North Govt.	North central bank	South house- holds	South Govt.	South central bank	$\Sigma$
Cash money	$+H_h^N$		$-H_h^N$	$+H_h^S$		$-H_h^S$	0
Bills	$+B_h^N$	$-B^N$	$+B_{cb}^N$	$+B_h^S$	$-B^S$	$+B_{cb}^S$	0
Gold reserves			$+or^N \cdot p_g^N \cdot xr$			$+or^S \cdot p_g^S$	$or^N \cdot p_g^N \cdot xr$ $+or^S \cdot p_g^S$
Wealth (balancing item)	$-V_h^N$	$-V_g^N$	0	$-V_h^S$	$-V_g^S$	0	$-(or^N \cdot p_g^N \cdot xr$ $+or^S \cdot p_g^S)$
$\Sigma$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

*Transaction matrix*  
 Table 6.4 Transactions-flow matrix of two-country economy (Model OPEN)

	North country				South country				$\Sigma$
	Households	Producers	Govt.	Central bank	Households	Producers	Govt.	Central bank	
Consumption	$-C^N$	$+C^N$			$-C^S$	$+C^S$			0
Govt. exp.		$+G^N$	$-G^N$			$+G^S$	$-G^S$		0
North Exports to South		$+X^N$			$\cdot xr$	$-IM^S$			0
South Exports to North		$-IM^N$			$\cdot xr$	$+X^S$			0
GDP	$+Y^N$	$-Y^N$			$+Y^S$	$-Y^S$			0
Interest payments	$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^N$		$-r_{-1} \cdot B_{-1}^N$	$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb}^N$	$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{h-1}^S$		$-r_{-1} \cdot B_{-1}^S$	$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}^S$	0
Profits of central bank			$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}^N$	$-r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}^N$			$+r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}^S$	$-r_{-1} \cdot B_{cb-1}^S$	0
Taxes	$-T^N$		$+T^N$		$-T^S$		$+T^S$		0
Change in cash	$-\Delta H_h^N$			$+\Delta H^N$	$-\Delta H_h^S$			$+\Delta H^S$	0
Change in bills	$-\Delta B_h^N$		$+\Delta B^N$	$-\Delta B_{cb}^N$	$-\Delta B_h^S$		$+\Delta B^S$	$-\Delta B_{cb}^S$	0
Change in reserves				$-\Delta or^N \cdot p_g^N$	$\cdot xr$			$-\Delta or^S \cdot p_g^S$	0
$\Sigma$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# Changed equations

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$$X^N = \frac{IM^S}{xr}$$

$$X^S = IM^N \cdot xr$$

$$\Delta B_s^N = B_s^N - B_{s-1}^N = (G^N + r_{-1}^N \cdot B_{s-1}^N) - (T^N + r_{-1}^N \cdot B_{cb-1}^N)$$

$$\Delta B_s^S = B_s^S - B_{s-1}^S = (G^S + r_{-1}^S \cdot B_{s-1}^S) - (T^S + r_{-1}^S \cdot B_{cb-1}^S)$$

$$B_{cb}^N = B_s^N - B_h^N$$

$$B_{cb}^S = B_s^S - B_h^S$$

## Changed equations #2

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$$\Delta or^N \cdot p_g^N = \Delta H_s^N - \Delta B_{cb}^N$$

$$\Delta or^S \cdot p_g^S = \Delta H_s^S - \Delta B_{cb}^S$$

$$H_s^N = H_h^N$$

*Supply of cash is endogenous*

$$H_s^S = H_h^S$$

$$p_g^N = \bar{p}_g^N$$

$$p_g^S = p_g^N \cdot xr$$



# Changed equations #3

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$$\chi r = \overline{\chi r}$$

$$r^N = \bar{r}^N$$

$$r^S = \bar{r}^S$$

$$\Delta or^S = -\Delta or^N$$

**Missing equation**

# *Experiments*

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With Eviews model OPEN

# *Alternative closure #1*

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Government expenditure react to changes in gold reserves

Experiments with Eviews model OPENG

$$G^N = G_{-1}^N + \varphi^N \cdot (\Delta or_{-1}^N \cdot p_{g-1}^N)$$

$$G^S = G_{-1}^S + \varphi^S \cdot (\Delta or_{-1}^S \cdot p_{g-1}^S)$$

## *Alternative closure #2*

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Adjustments of interest rates

Experiments with Eviews model OPENM

$$r^N = r_{-1}^N - \varphi^N \cdot (\Delta or_{-1}^N \cdot p_{g-1}^N)$$

$$r^S = r_{-1}^S - \varphi^S \cdot (\Delta or_{-1}^S \cdot p_{g-1}^S)$$

## *Alternative closure #3*

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Adjustments of interest rates and propensity to spend

Experiments with Eviews model OPENM3

$$\alpha_1^S = \alpha_{10}^S - \iota^S \cdot r^S$$